



Department of Handloom and Textiles, Government of Uttar Pradesh

Note: - This is the English translation of the U ar Pradesh Texextiand Garmenting Policy -2022, notified by the Government of Utar Pradesh on 17 $^{\rm th}$ October, 2022. In case of any discrepancy between this English translation and the Government Order in Hindi, then the Hindi version will prevail.

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1. Preamble

Indian texties and apparel have a history of fine craftsmanship and global appeal. TrTraditionally, India has been a major producer of textles, and the coton, silk and denim produced here are highly popular abroad. With the upsurge of Indian design talent, Indian textiles and apparel industry have found success across fashion centres around the world.

With massive raw material and manufacturing base across the value chain, India is the world's sixth-largest exporter of textilesand apparel and holds approximately 4% share in global trade in texxtile and apparels. The textie industry is a significant contributor to the economy, both in terms of its domesticshare and exports. It contributes about 7% to industry output, 2.3% to the GDP and 13% to the country's total export earnings.

The Indian textileproducts are exported to more than 100 countries and there is an enormous opportunity for the Textile and Apparel industry, as the global textile and apparel trade is expected to reach INR 75 Lakh Crore (USD 1 trillion) by 2025 from INR 63 Lakh Crore in 2019. USA, European Union and UK account for approximately 47% of India's textiles and apparel exports.

In addition to conventional textilestechnical texetilhave emerged as a high growth area with newer applications. The market for technical textiles is expanding as the products are being applied in various industries such as agriculture, clothing, construction, healthcare, transportation, packaging, sports, environmental protection, prottecte wear, and more. The segment has shown a promising growth of 20% from USD 16.6 Bn in 2017 - 18 to USD 28.7 Bn in 2020 - 21.

The Government of Utar Pradesh is determined to provide favourable ecosystem and promote Indian Textiles & Apparel Industry to make them competit e with Industries from the leading textile & apparel exporting countries.

Utar Pradesh has a long trraditio of texeles and is home to the finest weavers in the country. The Silk sarees from Varanasi and Mau; Chikankari from Lucknow; Zari -Zardozi from Lucknow, Bareilly and Shahjahanpur; Carpets from Bhadohi, Mirzapur and Sonbhadra; Durries from Sitapur and Readymade Garments from Gautam Buddh Nagar and Kanpur are strength and pride of the entie country.

Utar Pradesh is one of the largest markets for apparel and textiles and possesses one of the largest pools of young and trained workforce. In addition, the state has one of the most compeetie work force, abundant and good quality of water & power, which are favourable conditions for the labour-intensive textile manufacturing.

Considering the immense potentialfor growth that exists in this sector, Uar Pradesh is ideally positioned to benefit from this opportunity. This policy is aimed to promote and develop a robust textile industry that generates employment and positions Utar Pradesh as one of the most preferred destin atiorfor Textile and Apparel industry.

2. Objecti e and targets of the Policy

The main objectie of this policy is to establish Utar Pradesh as a Global Textile Manufacturing Hub and to promote sustainable growth of the entie value chain. Specific objecties of the policy are: -

- a) Attact investment in the textile and apparel sector to the tune of INR 10,000 Crore
- b) Generate employment opportunity for 5 lakh persons
- c) Development of five (05) Textile and Apparel Parks through private sector

- d) 50% increase in earnings of Handloom and Power loom weavers
- e) Modernisation of power looms and their operation through solar energy
- f) Increase production of silk yarn in the state

3. General Conditions

- 3.1 The Utar Pradesh Texxtiland Garmenting Policy 2022 will come into effect on the date of its notif acatiology the Government of Utar Pradesh and shall remain in force for a period of 5 years or till it is amended or superseded by the Government of Utar Pradesh.
- 3.2 The eligible units which have applied for incenti es under the previous policy i.e. "Utar Pradesh Handloom, Power -loom, Silk, Textileand Garmenting Policy 2017" of the state will continue to get benefits under that policy.
- 3.3 The incenti<u>es/facilitiesprovided under this policy will be in additio</u> to the incenenes / facilities provided under the TUFS scheme or any other schemes of Government of India; unless it is specifically mentioned in the specific clause.
- 3.4 The incenti es and facilities enumerated in this policy will be applicable for new texxtiland garmenting units as well as to the existing textile & garmenting units that undertake expansion/diversification(as per point number 3.6 of this section) by investing minimum 25% additional investment in new plant and machinery.
- 3.5 New unit shall mean an enterprise, which has made new investment in the state afer the notif acation this policy and during the operati e period of this policy. The commercial production of such new unit must have been started within a period of three (03) years from the date of issue of "Leter of Comfort" to the unit.
- 3.6 Expansion/Diversification unit shall mean an existing unit which is taking up expansion and/or diversification with an investment of more than 25 percent of existing Gross Value of Fixed Capital Investment (land, building, plant & machinery, spare-parts) and increases the previous installed capacity of the unit by minimum 25 percent. The commercial production of the said expansion/diversification unit must have been started within a period of three (03) years from the date of issue of "Leter of Comfort" to the expansion/diversification unit.
- 3.7 For the purpose of this policy, an employed person/worker means a person (domicile of Utar Pradesh) working on permanent payroll or on contract or on fixed term contract of the firm.
- 3.8 The total incentie drawn as per provisions under this policy shall not exceed 100% of fixed capital investment (Land, Building, other Construction, Plant & Machinery and Miscellaneous Fixed Assets) for any textile and garmenting unit under this policy. This upper limit will be 80% of Fixed Capital Investment, for the units set up in the Gautam Budh Nagar district.
- 3.9 The State Government has kept an annual ceiling of INR 500 crores on total expenditure for all subsidies under this policy.
- 3.10 The term textileunit shall denote to following manufacturing units. Any other category of manufacturing unit, which is not listed below, will not be eligible to avail incenties under this policy: -
 - Sericulture (including chaaki and koya production), eeling, handloom
 - Spinning, Weaving, Knitting

- Dyeing, Processing, Printing
- Garmenting (garment manufacturing, embroidered cloth, made-ups, home textiles, fashion accessories, leather garments, apparel and accessories)
- Embroidery and embroidered fabrics
- All type of technical textiles and jute products
- Pre-Spinning Processes of all kinds of Textilefibres: (Ginning & Pressing process, Polyester/Viscose/Nylon/Acrylic Staple Fibre/Filament Yarn/Recycled Polyester Staple Fibre etc.)
- Post Spinning Processes of all kinds of TextileYarn: (Winding, Drawing, Twistin , Doubling, Reeling, Texturising, Crimping, Entanglement etc.) and all kind of Pre-Weaving Processes (Warping, Sizing etc)
- P.P. Mat Produced only on Power loom
- Non-Woven Fabrics
- The incenti es mentionedin this policy will not be provided for seetti up of textextile and garmenting unit manufacturing any legally restricted product.
- 3.11 The investments made afer the notification and during the operation e period of Utar Pradesh Textile and Garmenting Policy 2022, will be eligible for incentions under this policy.
- 3.12 If land is available with an investor before the notif acation this policy, then such investor will be allowed to avail the incenties on setting up of unit under the Textiles and Garmenting Policy-2022, but the investment made by the investor on the purchase of land or investment in partial construction before notification this policy shall not be included in the calculation of Fixed Capital Investment (FCI). Such investor will be eligible for incenties under this policy except the incenties related to the Land Cost Subsidy, Stamp Duty Exemption and any incenties on partial construction done before the notification of this policy.
- 3.13 The subsidy for Plant and Machinery shall be considered under this policy, only if the date of loan disbursement by the bank/financial institution for the purchase of said Plant & Machinery is done on or afer the date of notif acatioand during the operaate period of the policy.
- 3.14 Fixed Capital Investment (FCI) shall include the investment on land, building (except Administrati e Building), miscellaneous fixed construction, plant & machinery, and equipment. Only up to 10 percent of the effect e cost of land will be considered while estimating the Fixed Capital Investment.
- 3.15 "Eligible Capital Investment" shall mean such investments which has been made by any textile & garmenting unit during the operatve period of the policy and the commercial prroduction has been started by such unit within a period of three (03) years from the date of issue of Leter of Comfort.
- 3.16 "Eligible Period of Investment" shall mean the period startingfrom the notif acatioof this policy till the operaate period of this policy. The investment must have been made by the textileand garmenting unit during the operaativperiod of this policy and the commercial production has been started within a period of three (03) years from the date of issue of Leter of Comfort.
- 3.17 "Plant and machinery" shall mean new indigenous / imported plant, machinery and equipment. This will include humidifier, generating set, boiler, capti e power plant, dyes &

moulds, solar power plant and other new plant & equipment similar to the nature of the unit, which are helpful in production. The cost of transportation, erection, installation and electrificationshall also be included in the cost of plant and machinery, if this cost is being charged by the vendor/supplier along with the cost of machinery. The cost of old plant and machinery will not be considered under the cost of plant and machinery.

3.18 The incenties under this policy will be provided to the textile and garmenting unit, only if the said unit has not received the incentie under the same head from any other policy of the state.

4. Incenti es for Units

4.1 Land Cost Subsidy

- a) Land cost subsidy shall be provided to the textile and garmenting units, on purchase of land in industrial areas developed by the Government Agencies/Department and other development authorities. subsidy of 25% of land cost will be reimbursed to investors who buy land directly from such Government agencies. In Gautam Budh Nagar district, this subsidy will be 15% of land cost. The subsidy will however, be limited to 10% of the total project cost and only 10% of the effectie land cost will be included while estimating the project cost.
- b) This reimbursement of land cost subsidy will be made only when the unit starts commercial productionwithin five years of buying the land. This subsidy shall also be provided to the investors who buys land in Lucknow/Hardoi to set up a textileand garmenting unit within the proposed PM MITRA Park. The PM MITRA Park will be operated through a SPV, owned by the Government of Utar Pradesh and Government of India.

4.2 Stamp Duty Exemption

Land purchased or taken on lease from the State or Central Government, or their undertakings (Corporation/Council/ oard/Company/Institution) will be eligible for exempptiofrom stamp duty (on submission of Bank Guarantee). The Bank Guarantee will be released afer the start of commercial producton by the unit and Joint insspectio by the Assistant Commissioner, Handloom/Deputy Commissioner, Handloom and the Department of Stamp & Registration, Government of Utar Pradesh.

- a) Textile & Garmenting units to be set up in the state (except Gautam Budh Nagar district) will be entitled for 100% exemption of stamp duty. In Gautam Budh Nagar district, 75% of stamp duty will be exempted.
- b) Land purchased in any part of the State for the development of infrastructure facilities (Such as Integrated Transport & Commercial Centre, ExhibitionCentre, Warehouse, Water-Supply, Sewage lines, Sewage Treatment Plant, Solid Waste Management Plant, Effluent Treatment Plant) for Texextiand Garmenting industry will be eligible for 100% exemption of stamp duty.
- c) 100% exemption of stamp duty will be made available to the developer of the PM MITRA Park and private textile park, except in Gautam Budh Nagar district.
- d) 100% exemption of stamp duty will be made available to the first buyer of plot/unit to be set up in a PM MITRA Park and 50% exemption of stamp duty will be made available to the first buyer of every plot/unit to be set up in a texxtilpark/estate developed by a private sector.

- e) 100% exemption of stamp duty will be available to Sericulture (Chaaki and Koya production), threading units to be set up in any part of the State.
- f) Calculation of stamp duty exempption will be based on the prevailing circle rates as on the date of purchase of land for all of the above.

4.3 Capital Subsidy

a. A Capital Subsidy of 25 percent of the investment made on purchase of Plant and Machinery will be reimbursed to the textiles and garmenting units, which generates minimum employment of 50. In addition to the above, reimbursement of additional capital subsidy at the rate of 10 percent will be provided to the units set up in Poorvanchal and Bundelkhand region of the state, as per the table given below. The maximum limit of the Capital Subsidy is INR 100 Crore per unit.

Unit	Investment on Plant	Minimum	Rate of	Additional Capital	Upper Cap on
Level	& Machinery (INR	Employment	Capital	Subsidy for units	Capital
	Crore)	Generation	Subsidy (in	set up in	Subsidy (INR
			Percent)	Poorvanchal and	Crore)
				Bundelkhand	
First	<=10	<50	15%	NIL	1.00
Second	<=10	50	25%	10%	2.00
Third	>10 but <=50	200	25%	10%	10.00
Fourth	>50 but <=100	300	25%	10%	20.00
Fifth	>100 but <=200	500	25%	10%	40.00
Sixth	>200	1000	25%	10%	100.00

b. As per the above table: - In case the Unit Level for any Textileand Garmenting unit is different as per "Investment on Plant & Machinery" and "Minimum Employment Generation", then the rate of Capital Subsidy, Additiona Capital Subsidy and Upper Cap on Capital Subsidy will be applicable according to the relation ely smaller Unit Level.

For Example: - If any investor has made an investment of INR 80 Crore on Plant and Machinery to set up a unit, then according to the Investment, the level of the unit will be *Fourth* and the Employment Generation fom the said unit is 100, then the level of the unit according to Minimum Employment Generationwill be *Second*. In this scenario, the unit level is different as per Investment on Plant & Machinery and Minimum Employment Generation, therefore, the investor/unit will be eligible for incenntes as per the lower unit level, i.e., Second Level, in which the upper cap of investment is INR 2.00 Crore.

4.4 Subsidy for Infrastructure

- a) Subsidy of 50% of the project cost for developing infrastructural amenities for self-use such as (i) Road, (ii) Drainage & Water Supply, (iii) Power Supply (power line, transformer etc.), subject to a maximum of INR 3 Crore for each unit (at the rate of INR 1 Crore for each of the components). This subsidy will be provided only in case of set up of unit on undeveloped land parcels.
- b) Subsidy of 50% of the project cost for establishment of Effluent Treatment Plants (ETPs) and DG Sets, subject to maximum of INR 5 Crore for each unit. The ETP and DG Set should be as per norms set up by the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB), NationalGreen Tribunal (NGT) or any statutory body of Government of India / Utar Pradesh. This subsidy will be provided only in case of set up of unit on undeveloped land parcels.

- c) Subsidy of 25% of the project cost will be reimbursed, for developing an In -house training facility, Testing laboratory, Quality Certif acation s, R&D Centre, subject to maximum of INR 2.5 Crores per unit.
- d) Subsidy of 25% of the project cost will be reimbursed, for construction of staff-quarter, worker's hostel/dormitory, subject to maximum of INR 5 Crores per unit.
- e) The cost of land shall not be considered as part of the project cost for the purpose of subsidy for Infrastructure.

4.5 Interest Subsidy on Plant and Machinery

- a) Interest subsidy will be provided to the textileand garmenting units on purchase of Plant & Machinery eligible under the TUFS/ATUFS or amended scheme of the Ministry of Textiles, Government of India.
- b) 60% amount of the annual interest paid by the unit on the loan taken from commercial banks / financial institutio for plant and machinery will be reimbursed for a maximum period of 07 years.
- c) The maximum limit of this interest subsidy for the textile and armenntingunits in the state (except Gautam Budh Nagar district) will be INR 1.5 Crore per annum per unit. The upper limit of this subsidy for units in Gautam Budh Nagar district will be INR 75 Lakhs per annum per unit.

4.6 Incenti es relating to Energy

- a) 100% exemption from electricity duty will be given to the new textile and garmenting units for a period of 10 years.
- b) Electricity produced by new textileand garmenntinunits, from Capape Power Plants and used for self-consumption, will be exempted from electricity duty for a period of 10 years.
- c) As per the rules of the Department of Energy, Government of Utar Pradesh, the Textile & Apparel Parks and Units consuming more electricity than a specified threshold will be permited open access as per Electricity Act, 2003.
- d) Efforts will be made to reduce power tari ffby innovati e methods like Time of the Day metering and harnessing of renewable sources especially in Bundelkhand.
- e) It will be ensured that textile clusters/parks/units that consume more power than a specified threshold and have the facility of independent feeders, whether paid by them or not, are not subjected to power cuts as far as possible. No other loads will be connected to such independent feeders.

4.7 Employment Generation Subsidy

a) Mega and Super Mega units act as anchor industries, and they functionas drivers for regions and lead to springing up of smaller ancillary units and development of areas around them. The State Government will give Employment Generation Subsidy to such Mega and Super Mega Garmenting units.

b) Mega and Super Mega Units are defined on the basis of "Investment on Plant & Machinery" and "Employment Generation" as per the following criteria: -

Type of Unit	Criterion		
	In Bundelkhand & Poorvanchal region	In rest of Utar Pradesh	
Mega Units	Investment: INR 50 to 75 Crores	Investment: INR 75 to 125 Crores	
	Or	Or	
	Employment: Minimum 500 (Minimum	Employment: Minimum 750	
	1,000 for garmenting units)	(Minimum 1,500 for garmenting units)	
Super Mega	Investment: More than INR 75 Crores	Investment: More than INR 125 Crores	
Units	Or	Or	
	Employment: Minimum 750 (Minimum	Employment: Minimum 1,000	
	1,500 for garmentng units)	(Minimum 2,000 for garmenting units)	

- c) Employment generationsubsidy of INR 3,200/ per worker per month will be provided to the mega and super mega garmenting units in all districts except Gautam Budh Nagar and Ghaziabad, for a period of 05 years.
- d) In order to avail the employment generation subsidy, every person employed in the unit should be enrolled in EPF and should have a valid Aadhaar number and the payment of salary to the employee by the unit should be done by DBT in his bank account.
- e) This employment generation subsidy will be provided to those Mega/Super Mega Garmenting Units which cumulati ely set up the first 15,000 sewing machines to encourage early investors.

4.8 Freight Reimbursement

To promote export of garments, 25% to 75% reimbursement of freight cost of the container from unit to port, will be provided to new Garmentingunits, for a period of 5 years as per table below. The units which are availing freight related incenties under the U.P. Export Promotion Policy, will not be eligible for the Freight Reimbursement under this policy. However, the units will be eligible for incenties under other relevant categories of U.P. Export Promotion Policy.

75%	for first 2 years
50%	for the next 2 years
25%	in the fifth year

5. Encouragement for marketing

- a) Four special exhibitions will be organised every year in big cities of the country outside Utar Pradesh to promote the sale of silk, handloom, power loom products produced by the weavers of Utar Pradesh. The weavers will be provided assistance to particip te in such exhibitions. The approximate expenditure on each exhibition will be INR 50 Lakh.
- b) Weavers, Master Weavers, Weaver Co -operati e Societies, Handloom/Power loom/Texxle Units (Micro Units) of the state will be given financial assistance to participae in up to 3 exhibitions/events within the country, which are organised by any Export Council established by the Government of India or State Government or any textilerelated events of notable agencies. The government officials shall also be sent to these exhibitions events to incorporate the learning / best practices in the state. A grant of 90% of the total expenditure for particication and to two (02) persons will be given to the expenditure to the expenditure for particication to two (02) persons will be given to the expenditure to the expenditure for particication to two (02) persons will be given to the expenditure for particication to two (03) persons will be given to the expenditure for particication to two (04) persons will be given to the expenditure for particication to two (05) persons will be given to the expenditure for particication to two (05) persons will be given to the expenditure for particication to two (05) persons will be given to the expenditure for particication to two (05) persons will be given to the expenditure for particication to two (05) persons will be given to the expenditure for particication to two (05) persons will be given to the expenditure for particication to two (05) persons will be given to the expenditure for particication to two (05) persons will be given to the expenditure for particication to two (05) persons will be given to the expenditure for particication to two (05) persons will be given to the expenditure for particication to two (05) persons will be given to the expenditure for particication to two (05) persons will be given to the expenditure for particication to two (05) persons will be given to the expenditure for particication to two (05) persons will be given to the expension to two (05) persons will be given to the expension to two (05) persons will be given to the expension to two (05) pe

- c) Preference will be given by State Government departments and their agencies to the Powerloom and Handloom products manufactured in state while purchasing items like uniforms, blankets, other textile products such as Sarees, dress material etc.
- d) The State Government shall endeavour to sensitiselarge Indian and international brands and retailers to source from Utar Pradesh, to help provide strong market linkage especially to MSME units in the state.

6. Special Incenti e for Units under the PM MITRA Park Scheme

The following special incenties shall be provided to all the units set up in the PM MITRA Park scheme of the Ministry of Textiles, Government of India, in addition to the other eligible incenties under this policy and incenties provided by the Ministry of Textiles, Government of India.

- a) Open Access of Electricity The SPV/Master Developer shall be granted permission for open access of electricity as per Electricity Regulation Act and rules of the Department of Energy, Government of Utar Pradesh.
- b) Power Tariff Subsidy The units generating minimum employment of 50, will be eligible for Power Tariff Subsidy of INR 2.00 per billed unit (Kwh) for 5 years from the date of commencement of commercial producton, on purchase of electricity from a licensee utilit. The maximum limit of this subsidy will be INR 60 Lakh per annum per unit. The power consumed from its own capti e power plant or electricity purchased through open access will not be eligible for Power Tariff Subsidy.
- c) Stamp Duty -100% exemption of stamp duty (on submission of Bank Guarantee) will be provided to the developer and first buyer of plot.

7. Incenti es for Private Textile Parks

- a) The Government of Utar Pradesh will promote development of Integrated Texxte and Apparel Park through Public Private Particip atior(PPP Mode) to be developed in a minimum area of 25 acres with Plug and Play facilities including Common Effluent Treatment Plant (CETP).
- b) The Government of Utar Pradesh will provide financial assistance of up to 50% of the project cost (excluding cost of land), up to maximum of INR 50 Crore. The state government will strengthen the existingcconnectinroad to the park, if required and provide necessary electric line or separate feeder and transformer/sub-station.
- c) The developer of these Private Sector Textie & Apparel Park shall be provided 100% exemption of stamp duty (against submission of Bank Guarantee/FDR) on purchase of land in state, except in Gautam Budh Nagar district. The first buyer of plot/units set up in these textile and apparel park will be eligible for 50% exemption of Stamp Duty.
- d) This Textile and Apparel Park must have at least 10 units and no single unit must have been allotted more than 40 percent of the total available industrial area. The above incenties shall be disbursed to the developer in three (03) instalments as per below milestones: -

Allotment of units in the total available	Release of Incenti e Amount (In Percentage)
area (in percentage)	
25% of the area allotment to units	40% of the eligible incenti e amount
50% of the area allotment to units	40% of the eligible incenti e amount

8. Incenti es for promotion of Silk Industry

- a) Units for rearing of chaaki worm, koya production, reeling and spinning in sericulture sector, with a maximum capital investment of Rs.1.00 crore, that take loan from banks/financial institutions, will be eligible for capital subsidy to the tune of 15% for margin money. The margin money will be calculated based upon appraisal of project cost done by the Bank. In case of SC/ST entrepreneurs, this grant will be 20%.
- b) Capital subsidy of 20% will be given to silk reeling units requiring a capital investment of Rs 1 Cr or more, in addition to subsidy from Government of India institutions such as the Central Silk Board.
- c) Subsidy under sub clauses a) and b) will be provided in addition to the State Government's share in the schemes of Government of India and/or CSB.
- d) Working Capital Subsidy: Silk reeling units which produce minimum 75% thread from koya produced in Utar Pradesh will be eligible for interest subsidy at the rate of 5% on Working Capital Loan for a period of 5 years. The maximum limit of this will be Rs 50,000 per annum.

9. Financial Incenti es for starting n w employment to the youth of the state

- a) The youth (resident male/female of Utar Pradesh) shall be encouraged towards Self employment related to the production, design, markeetinand export of handloom and textileproducts. This special facility will be available to youth (males/females) who are not above 35 years of age.
- b) Financial benefits to start new employment in production sector:
 - i. If resident/s of the state starts his own new employment related to textiles sector in the state, then they will be provided incenties as per the following description.
 - ii. Preference will be given to those resident/s, in purchase of land from UPSIDA, GIDA, NOIDA, GREATER NOIDA or other authorities, to start new employment.
 - iii. Students who have passed three years diploma from Indian Institue of Handloom Technology (I.I.H.T) and have started new employment related to the weaving by installing either 5 to 20 number of Handlooms or 5 to 10 number of Power looms in a shed, will be incentivised by providing subsidy of 75 percent of the project cost. The maximum limit of this subsidy will be INR 20 Lakh per person (or group) for Handloom sector and INR 60 lakh per person (or group) for the power loom sector.
 - iv. Graduates in the field of Textile, Textile Design or Fashion Design will be encouraged to start employment in Garmenting and Apparel or Home Furnishing sector, through following incenti es: -
 - 50 percent subsidy on the rent of flaattefactories all l ed by the Development Authorities or any other Government Institutio , will be given for a period of 5 years.

- To start new employment in this sector, a subsidy of 75 percent of the cost of plant & machinery and cost of infrastructure will be provided, subject to a maximum of INR 25 Lakh per entrepreneur.
- c) Financial benefits to start new employment in design sector:
 Graduates in TextileDesign or Fashion Design or Fashion Branding/Markeetinwho want to set up a design studio with modern facilities, as a new employment will be provided subsidy of 75 percent of the Project cost, subject to a maximum of INR 30 lakh per entrepreneur.
- d) Financial benefits to start new employment in marketing sector:
 - I. If the youth (Resident male/female of Utar Pradesh) organises into a group to increase the sale of textile products and starts a new employment by forming a markeeng company with all types of marketi g arrangements including ffacilitiefor online sale, then a subsidy of 75 percent of the cost for registering the marketing company and cost for necessary infrastructure facilitie for seetti up the markerketcompany will be payable, subject to a maximum of INR 50 lakh per company. Preference will be given to the children of weavers for encouragement in this work.
 - II. If a company is formed by the youth of the state and the same company creates its own brand through marketing and opens its chain outlets, then the following financial incenti es will be provided: -
 - Financial assistance of INR 2 crore will be given on opening of 50 outlets outside or within the state, subject to the condition that sales from all the outlets have been made for a period of three years and a minimum sales of INR 4 crore have been made per year.
 - Financial assistance of INR 4 crore will be given on opening of 100 outlets outside or within the state, subject to the condition that sales from all the outlets have been made for a period of three years and a minimum sales of INR 8 crore have been made per year.
 - Financial assistance of INR 8 crore will be given on opening of 200 outlets outside or within the state, subject to the condition that sales from all the outlets have been made for a period of three years and a minimum sales of INR 16 crore have been made per year.
 - Financial assistance of INR 10 crore will be given on opening of 500 outlets outside or within the state, subject to the condition that sales from all the outlets have been made for a period of three years and a minimum sales of INR 20 crore have been made per year.

The conditionis that 80 percent of the total prescribed number of outlets as menntioned above, must be established outside the state. Apart from this, if a company opens 25 or more outlets outside the country and make annual sales of minimum INR 2 crores from the same outlets, then an additional subsidy of INR 2 crores per company will be provided.

e) Financial benefits for export:

In order to promote the export of textile goods/garments produced in the state, if any youth (resident of Utar Pradesh) wants to start a new export house or company in the state, then 75 percent of the fee spent in registration will be reimbursed and 75 percent of the project

cost for necessary infrastructure facilities will be reimbursed, subject to a maximum of INR 20 Lakh per export house/company.

f) Buyer-Seller meet: -

- In order to promote the export of textile goods/garments produced in the state, two buyer-seller meets, one in the western and other in the eastern region, will be organized in a year. An amount of INR 20 Lakh per buyer -seller will be spent for necessary arrangements etc.
- II. If any organization related to exports wants to organize a buyer -seller meet at its own level, then the 50 percent of the total cost of event will be reimbursement, subject to a maximum of INR 10 Lakh per buyer-seller meet.

g) Organizing Fashion Show:

In order to promote the export/marketing of textile goods/garments produced in the state, the department/instit tion will organise fashion shows in two major metro citie of f ar Pradesh. An amount up to INR 20 Lakh per fashion show will be spent for necessary arrangements etc.

h) Organizing Export Fairs or Expo:

A 14-day Utar Pradesh Handloom, Silk and Kadi Expo of Handloom, Silk, Khadi and other textileproducts of the state will be organized once a year at the major business centres of the state or country, for which an amount of INR 70 Lakh will be spent on its arrangement and promotion.

10. Ease of Doing Business

a) Plug and Play Infrastructure:

The state government will promote cluster -based development by means of developing Plug and Play infrastructure and flaaed factories with the necessary infrastructure, to enable the industry by reduction of initialcapital in land, enhanced quality and overall competit eness. These Plug & Play facilities will be offered to industries on rental/short term lease basis to reduce their upfront investment in land and help them to invest more capital in technology.

b) Grievance Redressal Portal:

A two-tiergrievance redressal ccommiee will be formed by the department to redress all kinds of problems received from investors, which will review the problems of investors on a monthly basis. The investors will be able to register their problems online on the designated website/portal. If the problems raised by the investors are found to be consistent, they will be presented before the primary level commitee, which will be headed by the Commissioner and Director, Handloom and Textiles. If the rresolution othe said problem is not possible at the level of the primary level commitee, then the same will be presented before the high-level commitee formed at the government level.

c) Integrated Incenti e Management System:

An integrated incenti e management system (online portal) will be developed to accept paperless applications for investments made under the policy and to ensure that evaluation of proposals received are done in a time bound manner and disbursement of incenti es is

streamlined. The investors will be able to track real time status of their investment proposal at this online portal. The incentie amount will be disbursed after the approval of eligible incenties amount by the state government, at the earliest.

d) Dedicated Investors Helpdesk:

A dedicated team will be formed to handhold the investors with their queries on the policy benefits, easing their investment process and support to investors at every step.

e) Attracting Anchor Units:

The state aims to attact large players in the Textle and Apparel sector, who can act as an anchor unit and engage with the existing players to integrate supply chain for operational efficiencies. The state will organise roadshows in various national/i ternaational ations to showcase the tremendous investment opportunities and to attact investment from foreign investors.

11. Project Management Agency

The Department of Handloom and Textiles, Government of Utar Pradesh shall appoint a team of professionals as Project Management Agency (PMA) for policy implementationand supporting the department in publicizing the policy benefits among naationa/ international investors, brands and other stakeholders and providing prompt support to the investors. The PMA will discharge the following functions: -

Handholding with the State Government: PMA would assist in drafting rules/statutory changes and other necessary documents for smooth implementation of the Textile and Garmenting Policy.

Development of marketingcollaterals: PMA would assist in developing markeetinmaterial such as brochure, flyers, etc. which highlights the benefits of invesesti in in ar Pradesh. The same may require to be customized for prospecti e investors from different part of the value chain (fibre to finished products); different geographies, etc.

Information Dissemination on State Policy: PMA would assist State Government in organizing Road Shows/Workshops/Seminars/Media Campaign etc. aimed at sensitizing stakeholders about initi ates and support available under the policy. PMA would also support particip ation various national and international textile and apparel sector events.

Identif acatioof Prospecti e investors: PMA would identify potenentiinvestors for orar Pradesh; Indian as well as international for the entie texxtil manufacturing value chain e.g. spun yarn, knitti , weaving, nonwovens, processing, garments, made -ups, and technical textiles. It should also include ancillary sector such as garment accessories.

Coordinationwith prosspecte investors: PMA would connect with investors on one —to-one basis and market investment opportunity to them. It would also facilitate business meetings and coordination for investor visits and follow—up with individuals/ companies which have expressed their interest to invest. PMA would also assist UP State Government in responding to queries raised by prospecti e investors and ensure the investments take place in the State.

Assistance in mobilization of Proposal under various schemes: PMA would assist State Government in invitin , scrutinizing and mobilizing of proposals and projects eligible for assistance. PMA would also provide guidance and support to investors in their documentation.

Evaluation and Appraisal of Techno -feasibility reports and Detailed Project Reports (DPRs): PMA would assist State Government in selection of projects through Evaluatio/ Appraisal of techno feasibility reports and DPRs submited by the investors.

Monitoring and Reporting:PMA would assist State Government in effffece monitoring of these projects by way of providing periodical progress reports on approved projects.

DISCLAIMER

This 'Uttar Pradesh Textile and Garmenting Policy 2022' document has been translated from original Hindi purely to facilitate non-Hindi users and for wider reach.

Although utmost care has been taken to ensure the accuracy of translation, yet in case of any differences in interpretation of provisions provide herein, the 'Original' gazetted Hindi version will prevail.